

## New Discoveries and Ongoing Research at the LENA Research Foundation

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#### **Presentation Outline**

- Recently reported research
- New LENA online parent intervention website
- First LRF experimental study



### Discoveries in Autism

Work presented at IMFAR 2012 by Dongxin Xu, PhD



### Data Set of the Study

Child Groups	Number of Children (N)	Number of Recordings	J	Phoneme-like Units (number in million)
Typical Development (TD)	106	802	2.15 M	8.42 M
Language Delay but not ASD (LD)	49	333	0.75 M	2.65 M
Autism (ASD)	71	225	0.53 M	1.82 M
Total	226	1363	3.43 M	12.89 M

In the following slides of results of findings

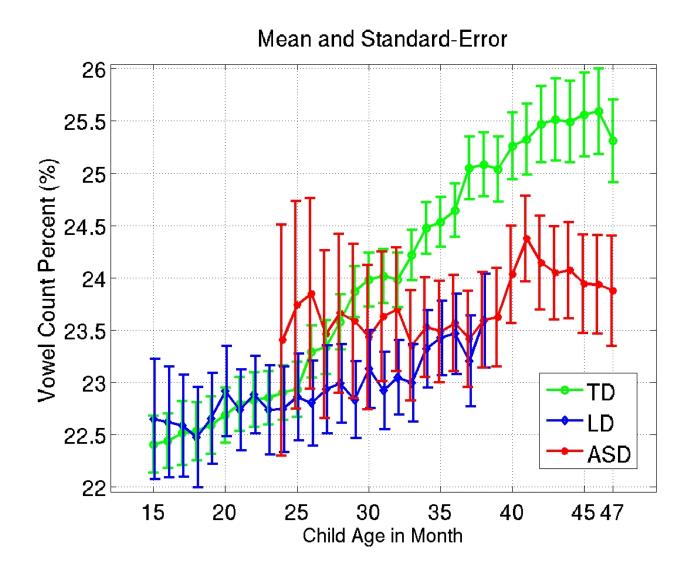
• Green: Typical Development (TD)

Blue: Language Delay not Related to Autism (LD)

Red: Autism (ASD)

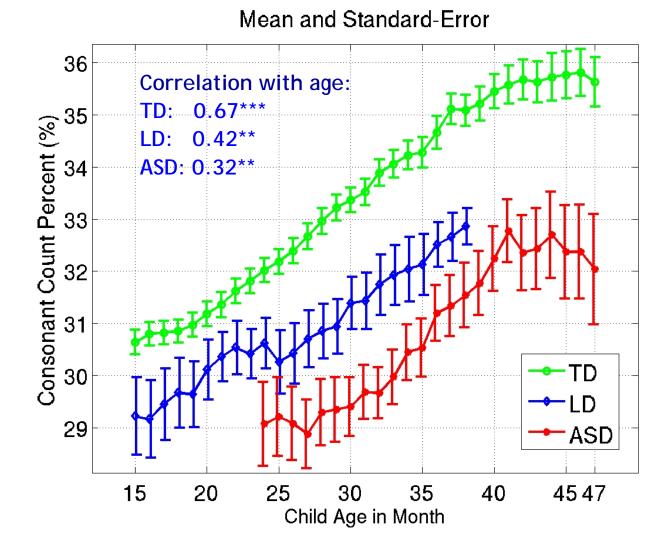


### Frequency of Vowel-like Sound





#### Frequency of Consonant-like Sound



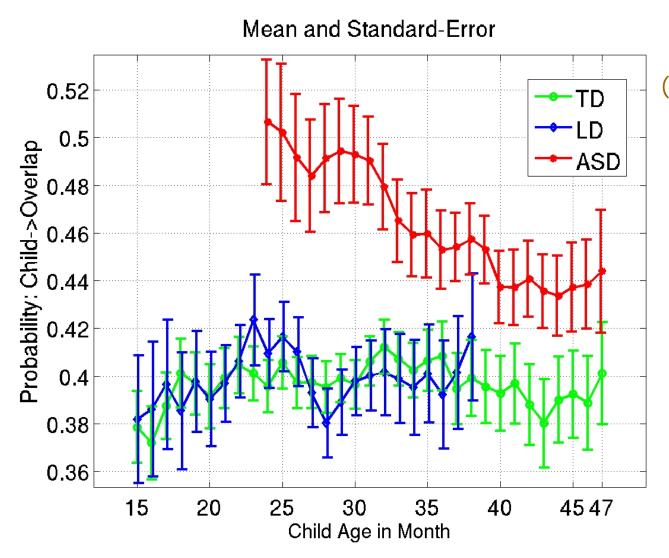
## t-test (Welch 2-sample 2-side)

TD versus ASD: 
$$t(90) = 7.95***$$

TD versus LD: 
$$t(68) = 5.52***$$



#### Probability of Sound Collision



t-test (Welch 2-sample 2-side)

ASD versus TD: t(132) = 3.66\*\*\*

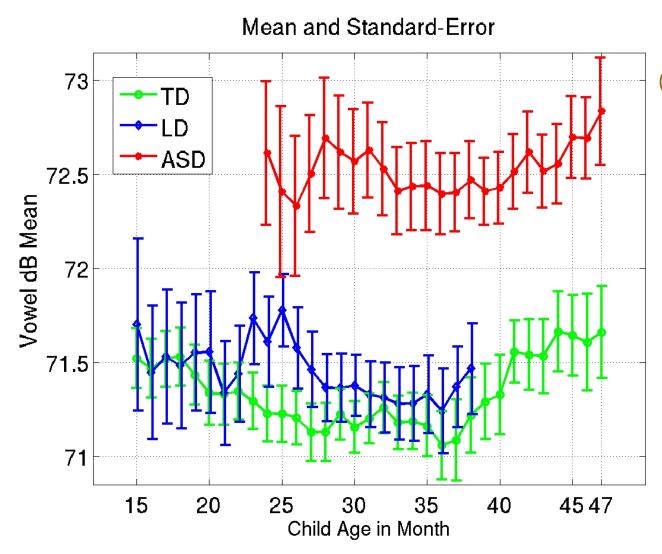
ASD versus LD: t(111) = 2.94\*\*

TD versus LD: t(90) = 0.13

\*p<0.05 \*\*p<0.01 \*\*\*p<0.001



#### Child Vowel Volume (dB)



t-test (Welch 2-sample 2-side)

ASD versus TD: t(125) = 5.84\*\*\*

ASD versus LD: t(117) = 4.78\*\*\*

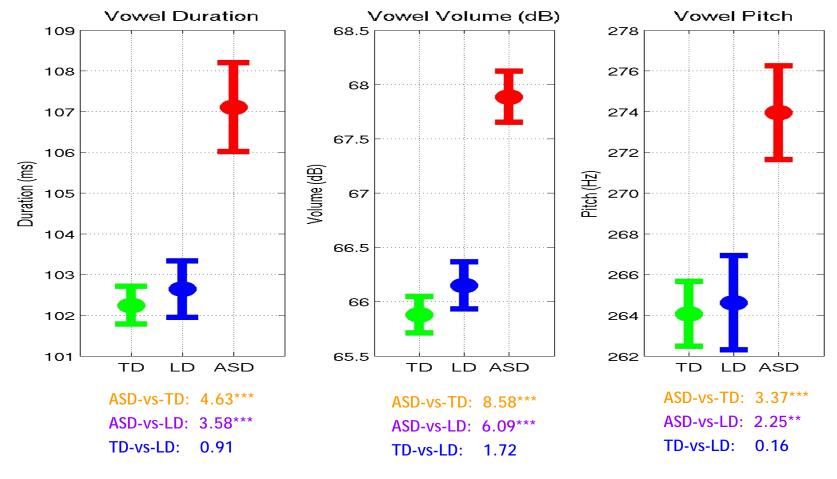
TD versus LD: t(97) = 0.45

\*p<0.05 \*\*p<0.01 \*\*\*p<0.001



## Characteristics of Female Caregiver (Vowels inside "Child-directed" Voice)

#### Mean, Standard Error and t-Statistics



t-test: \*p<0.05; \*\*p<0.01; \*\*\*p<0.001



## Discriminant Analysis with 12 features of top-down approach

## Previously Studied

**PNAS Article** 

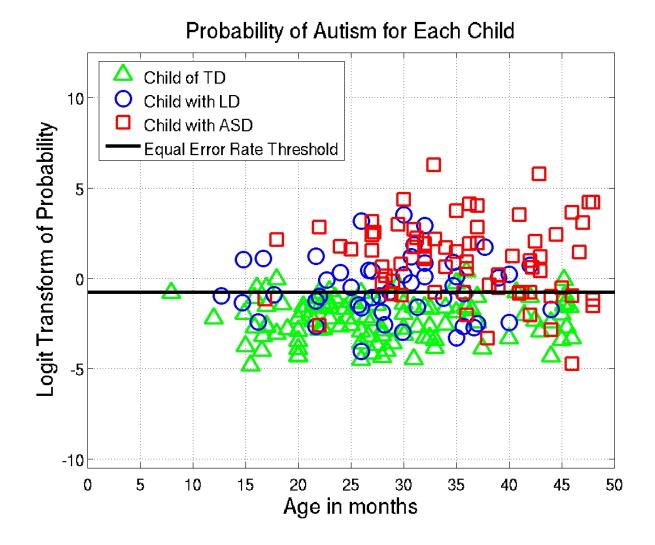
July 2010, 107(30)

12 features from top-down approach

ASD vs TD + LD:

Equal Sensitivity and Specificity:

79%





## Discriminant Analysis with new bottom-up features

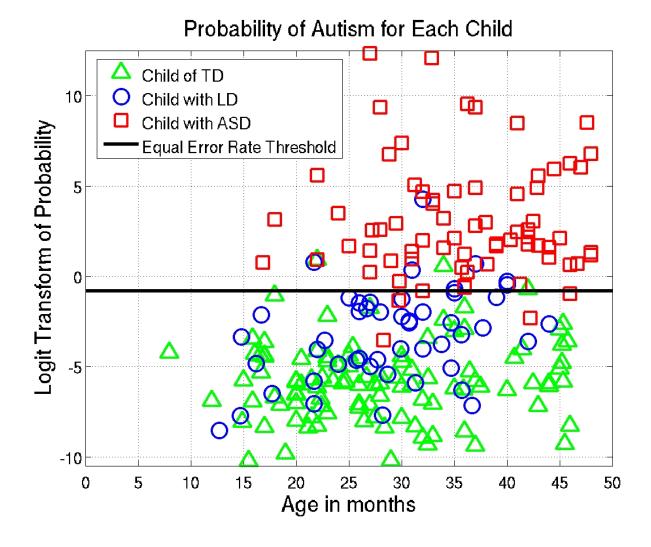
#### **New Method:**

features derived from bottom-up data-driven approach

ASD vs TD + LD:

Equal Sensitivity and Specificity:

94%





#### Test with Third-party Data

Third-Party Data:

```
SCMC (TD), Thanks to Drs. Yiwen Zhang & Fan Jiang of SCMC UNC (ASD), Thanks to Dr. Brian Boyd of UNC VU (ASD), Thanks to Dr. Paul Yoder of VU
```

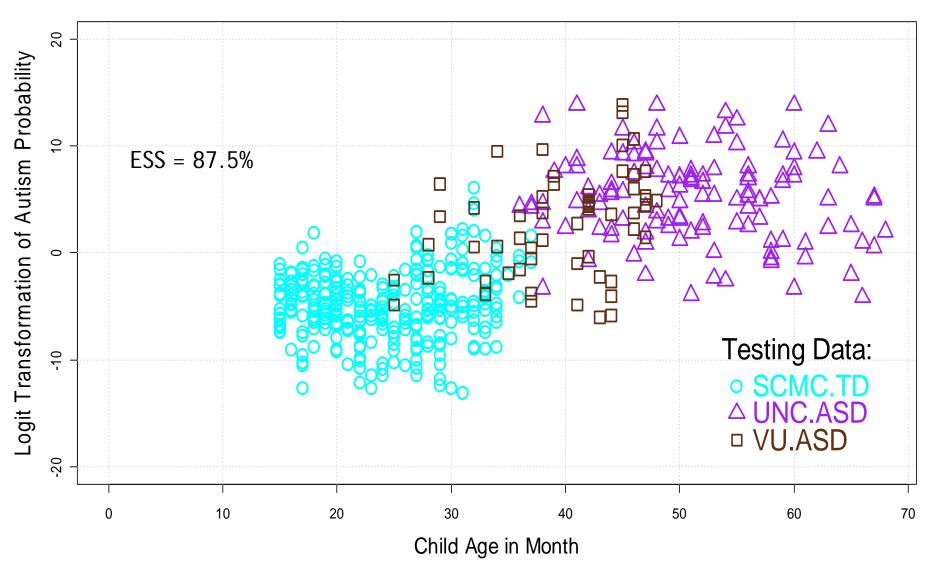
Train a model with LENA-Data:

```
LENA.TD, 802 recordings, 106 children LENA.LD, 333 recordings, 49 children LENA.ASD, 228 recordings, 71 children
```

Test the trained model with the third-party data:

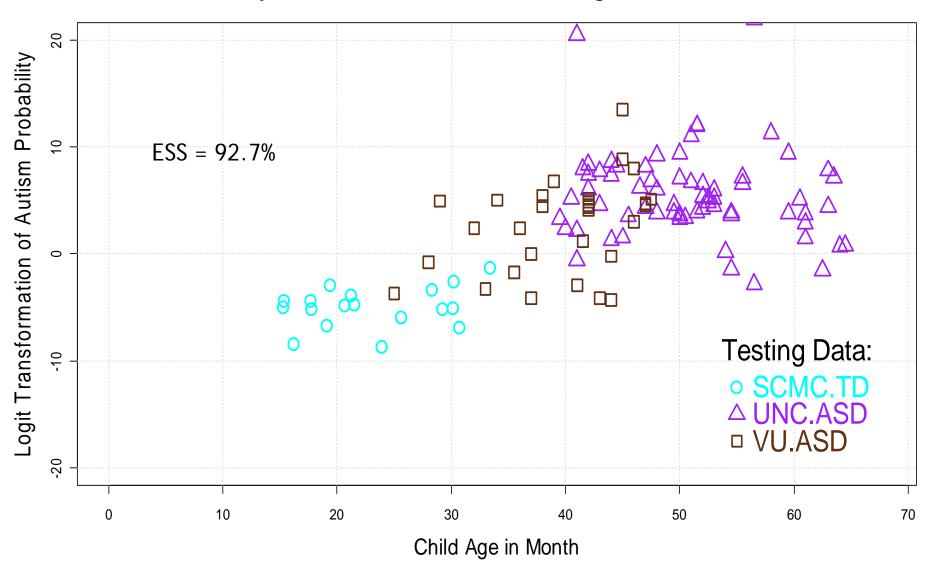
```
SCMC.TD, 432 recordings, 22 children UNC.ASD, 125 recordings, 67 children VU.ASD, 59 recordings, 31 children
```

#### Autism Probability of SCMC, UNC & VU Recordings Using a Model Trained on LENA Data



# Autism Screen Test on Third-party RESEARCH FOUNDATION Data: SCMC-TD, UNC-ASD, VU-ASD

#### Autism Probability of SCMC, UNC & VU Children Using a Model Trained on LENA Data





### **Preschool Environments**

Work presented at IMFAR 2012 by Jill Gilkerson, PhD



### Overview

- <u>Purpose</u>: examine environments of ASD and TD children in the home setting, during preschool and therapy times.
- <u>Participants</u>: 74 children with ASD between 24-48 months of age and 44 age-matched TD peers.
- <u>Procedure</u>: Participants recorded continuously throughout the day, and parents completed session diaries indicating specific times children attended therapy or preschool.

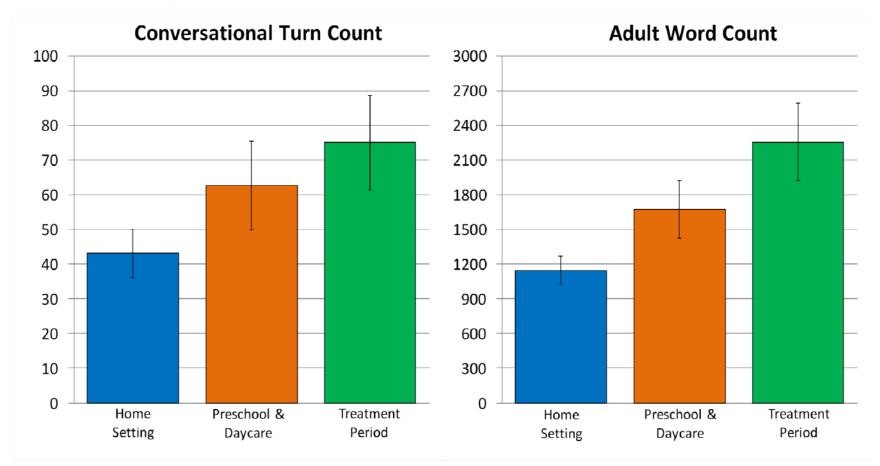


### Sample Demographics

	ASD	TD	
N	74	44	
Age Mean (SD)	37 (7)	39 (6)	
Range	24-48	26-48	
% Female	18	64	
Total Recording	3943	3139	
Hours	(326)	(439)	
(sessions)			
Home Hours	2366	2829	
(sessions)	(217)	(310)	
Preschool/	170	647	
Daycare Hours	(19)	(129)	
(sessions)			
Therapy Hours	285		
(sessions)	(90)		

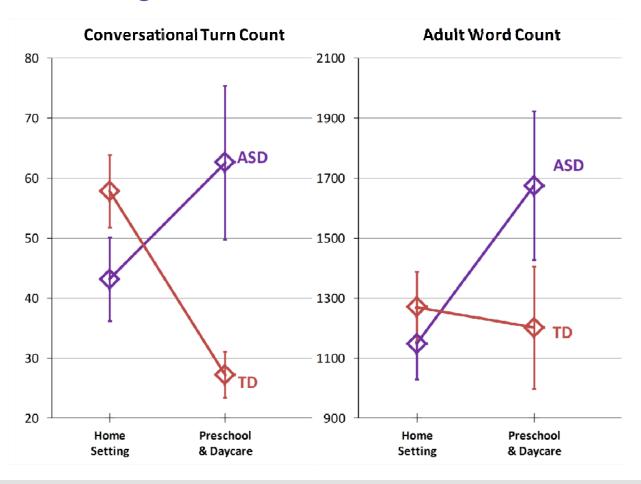


# Children with ASD Experience Different Language Environments in Different Settings





## Language Environments in Preschool and Home Settings for ASD and TD Children





### Conclusions

- LENA is an effectively way monitor language environments provided by parents, preschool teachers and therapists.
- In the future, automated analysis could be used to <u>set standards</u> for language enrichment and engagement in both TD and ASD preschools.
- Preschool teachers could be <u>trained</u> using automated analysis and objective feedback.
- The language environment of preschool programs could be <u>monitored</u> at intervals and improved over time.



## A New Look at Response Time

Work presented at ISIS 2012 by Jill Gilkerson, PhD



### Overview

<u>Purpose</u>: To evaluate the relationship between caregiver response time and child language skills.

Participants: 229 typically developing children 2 - 35 months of age from LENA normative corpus.

#### **Procedures:**

- Participants completed one daylong recording per month (no feedback provided) for 6-38.
- Certified SLPs administered the PLS-4 and REEL-3 to assess language skills at 4-6 month intervals. Analysis includes composite average total language scores.



### Sample Demographics

N	289
Age range in mo.	2-35
Mean age (SD)	20.5 (9.1)
% Female	49.8
Recording sessions	2,007
Recording hours	24,084
Mean PLS-4/REEL-3 SS	102
(SD)	(13)
PLS-4/REEL-3 SS range	60-139



# Caregiver Responsiveness in Higher- and Lower-Language Ability Groups

Ability Group	N	Mean Ability Standard Score	Mean % Response	
SS > 105	145	115	20%	
SS < 95	51	87	16%	
t/104)=3.75 n< 0.01				

t(194)=3.75, p<.001



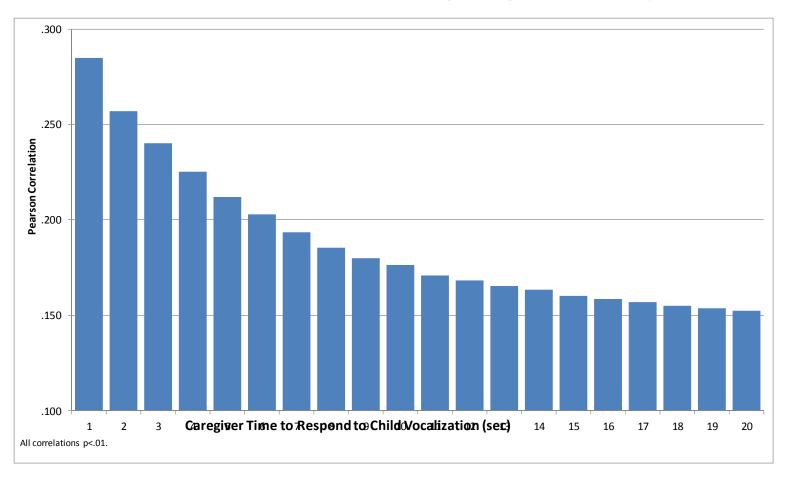
# Caregiver Responsiveness in Higher- and Lower-Language Ability Groups

		Pearson			Mean Ability	Mean %
Age Group	N	Correlation	Ability Group	N	Standard Score	Response
All Ages	289	.21**	SS > 105	145	115	20%
<12M	101	.25*	SS < 95	51	87	16%
12M-23M	154	.28**	t(194)=3.75, p	<.001		
24M-35M	167	.20*				
*n~ 05: **n~	01					

<sup>\*</sup>p<.05; \*\*p<.01



# Caregiver Response Time to Child Vocal Output Predicts Child Language Ability





### Conclusions

- There is a relationship between caregiver response time and child language ability.
- Immediacy of response to a child's initiation may be relevant to communicative development.
- LENA technology can provide this type of feedback to caregivers and parents.



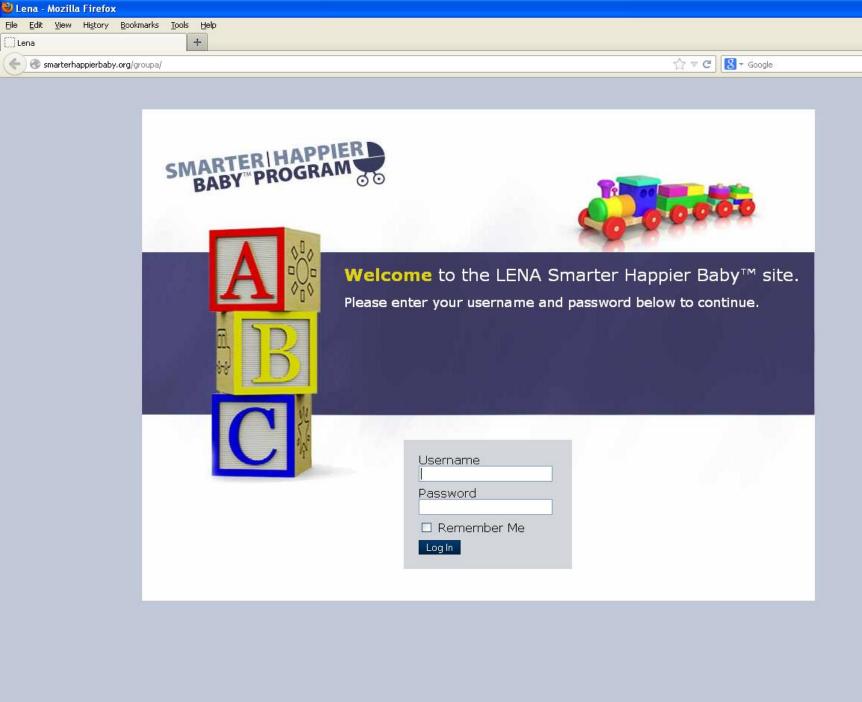
### **New Online Parent Intervention**

- 12-week web-based parent intervention
- Experimental study investigating:
  - change in parent behavior
  - acceleration in child language development

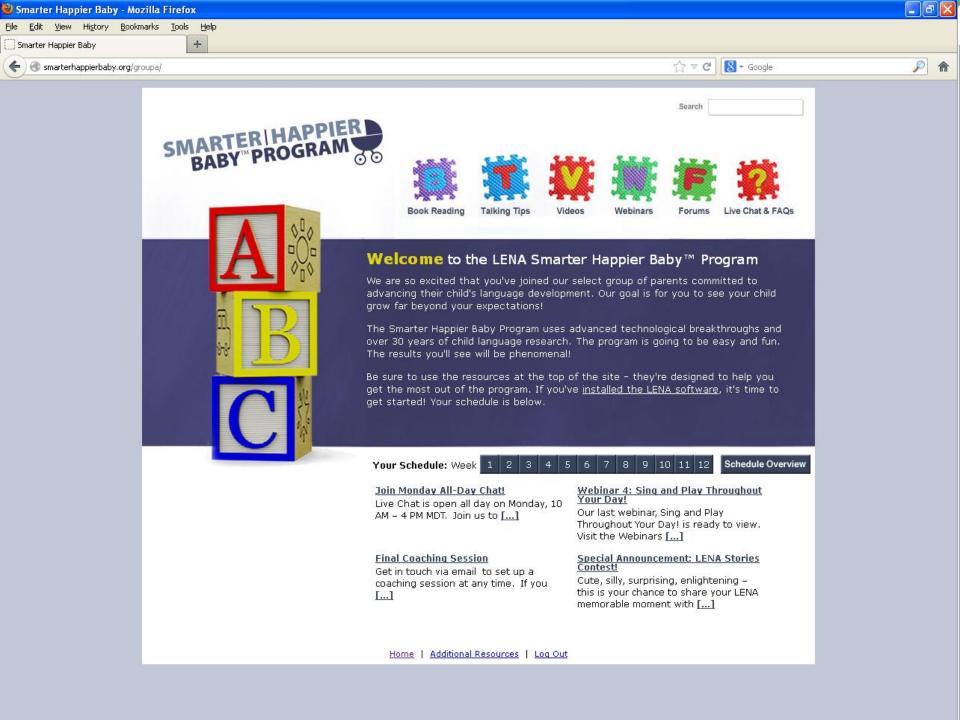


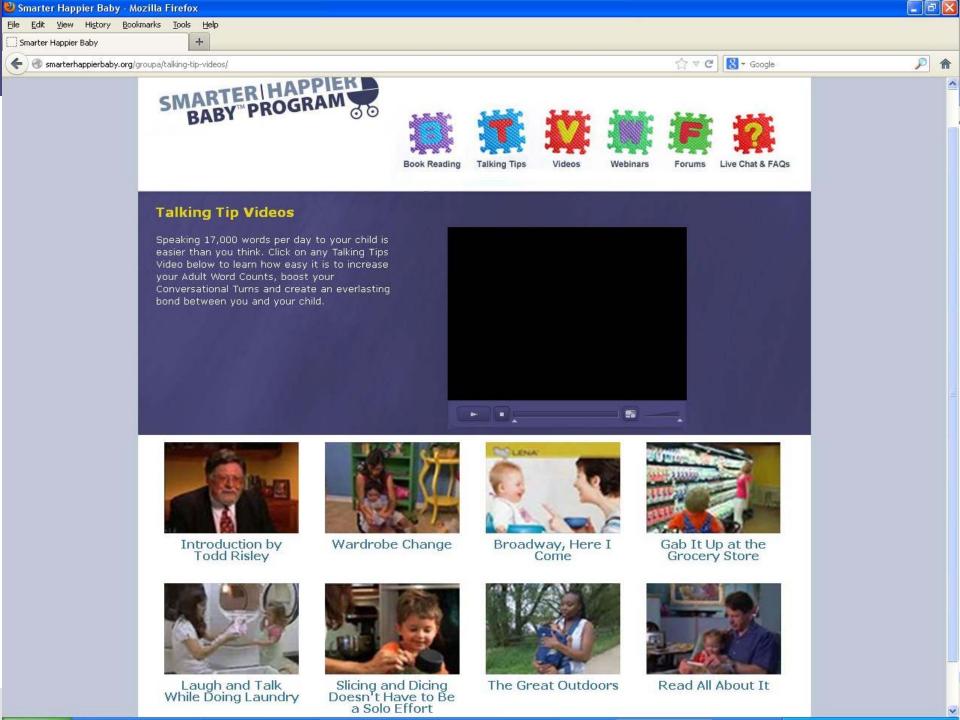
#### Parent Resources Website

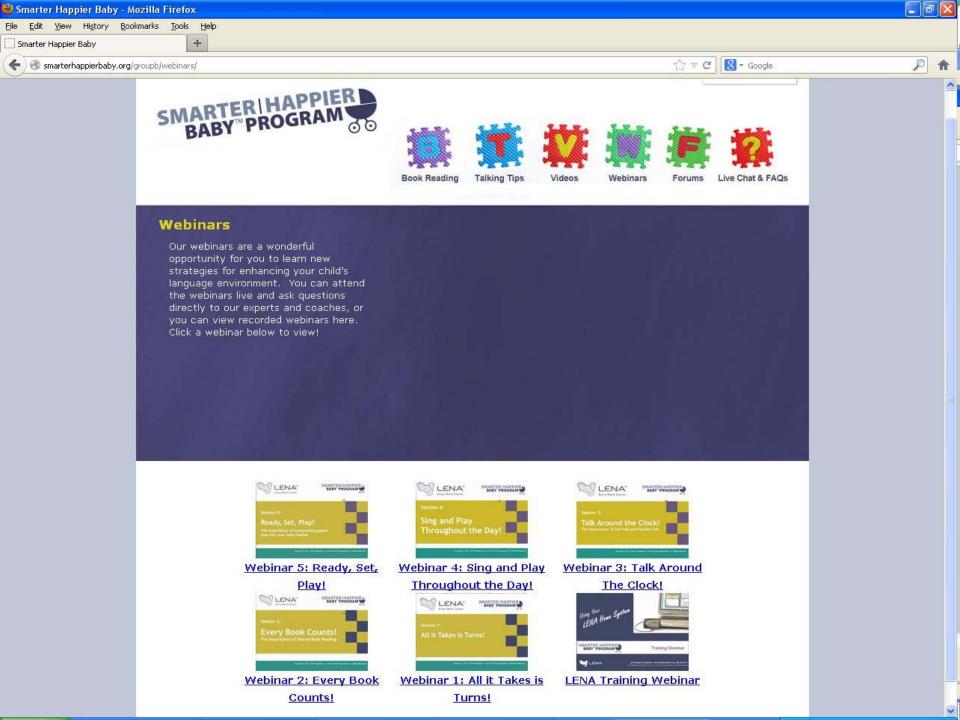
- Talking Tips
- Book Lists
- Videos
- Webinars
- Parent Forums
- Live Chat

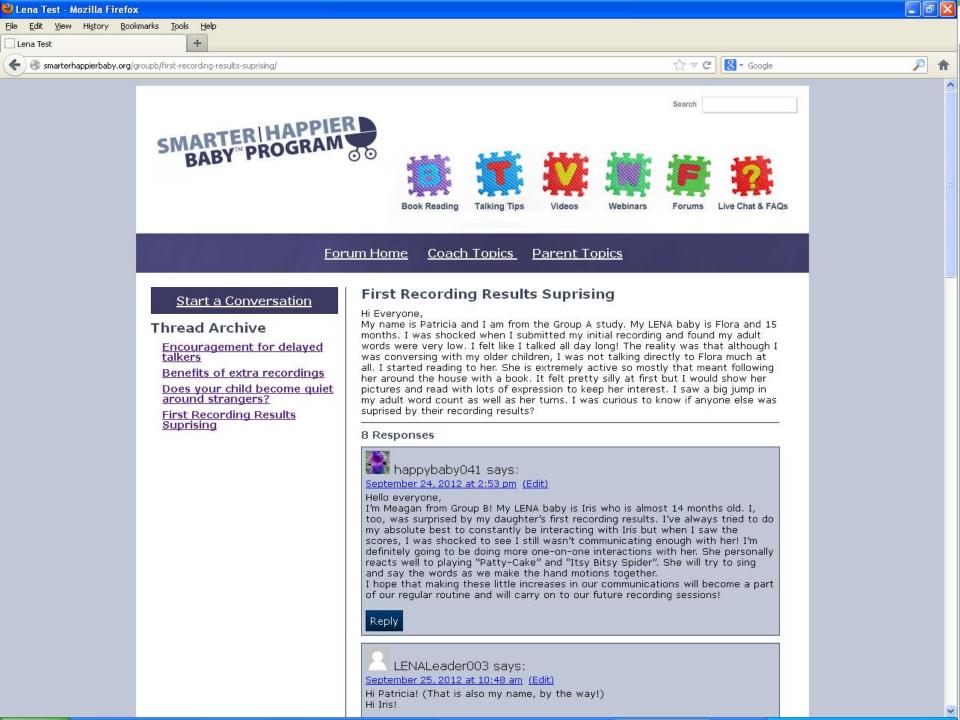


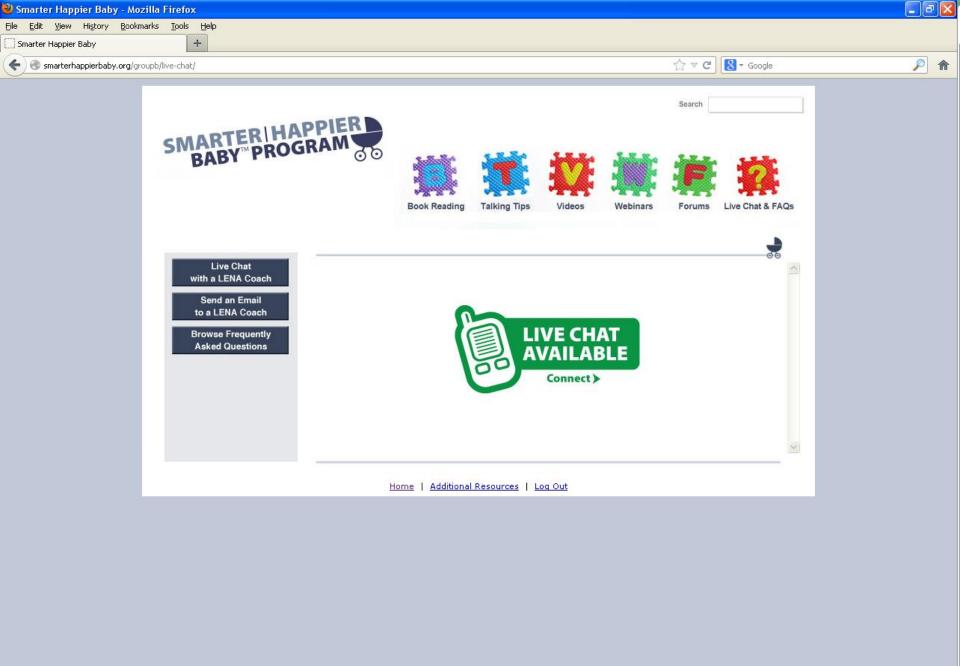
Lena













#### 12-Week Online Intervention

#### First Week

- Parent receives LENA Home and website login
- Parent installs LENA
- Parent records, processes data, views reports
- Parent accesses internet to pass ITS file
- Phone meeting with LENA coach to set goals

#### Week 2-12

- Parent makes best effort to improve language environment
- Parent views Talking Tips Videos and Shared Reading Tips
- Parent participates in Forum and Chat
- Parent attends live Webinars once every other week
- Parent completes Snapshot in LENA software once per month



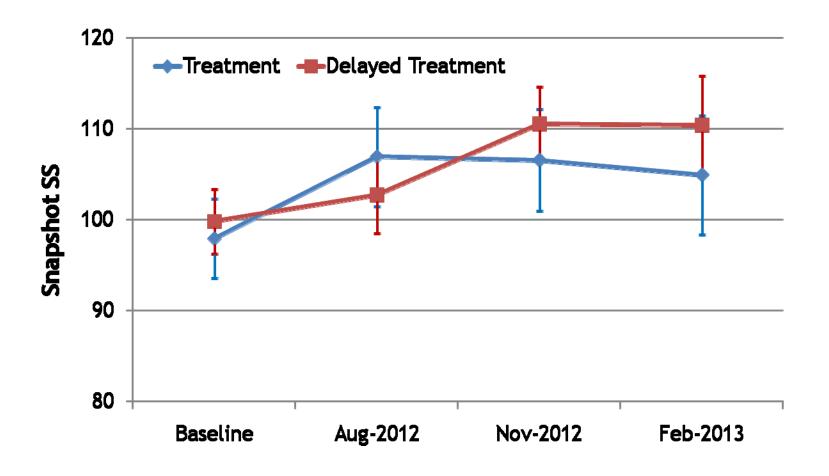
### First LRF Experimental Study

- N = 60 "completers" (began with 80 participants)
- 6 18 months of age at first recording
- Random assignment to Treatment and Control groups
  - Treatment: Begin using LENA Home immediately, SHBO website
  - Control: Record with LENA but no feedback
     (Control became "delayed treatment" after 3 months)
- Assessments: Snapshot, MacArthur and CDI
  - At baseline, post treatment, 3 and 6 month follow up
- Treatment Phase Recordings
  - Month 1-2: Once per week
  - Month 3-6: Every other week
  - Months 7-12: Once per month

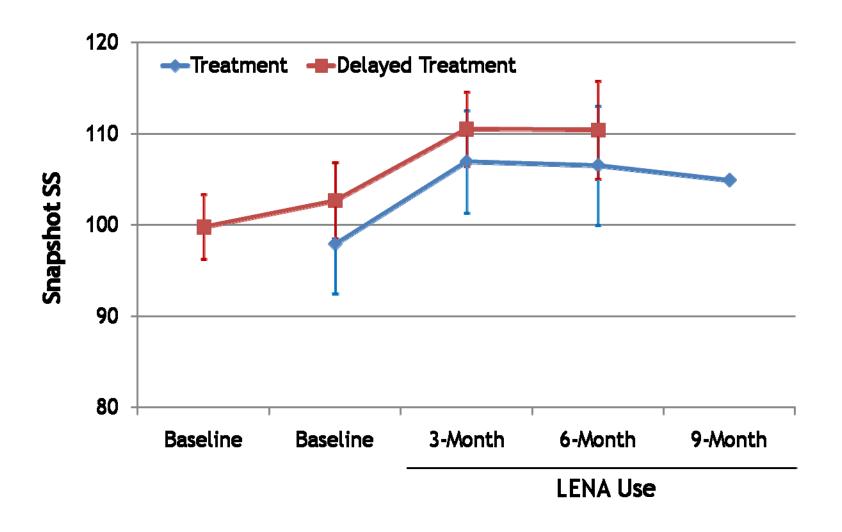


Month	Date	Treatment Recordings	Control Recordings	Assessments
1	June, 2012	4	1	Snapshot, CDI, MacArthur
2	July, 2012	4	1	
3	August, 2012	2	1	Snapshot, CDI, MacArthur
4	Sept, 2012	2	4	
5	Oct, 2012	2	4	
6	Nov, 2012	2	2	Snapshot, CDI, MacArthur
7	Dec, 2012	1	2	
8	Jan, 2013	1	2	
9	Feb, 2013	1	2	Snapshot, CDI, MacArthur
10	March, 2013	1	1	
11	April, 2013	1	1	
12	May, 2013	1	1	Snapshot, CDI, MacArthur

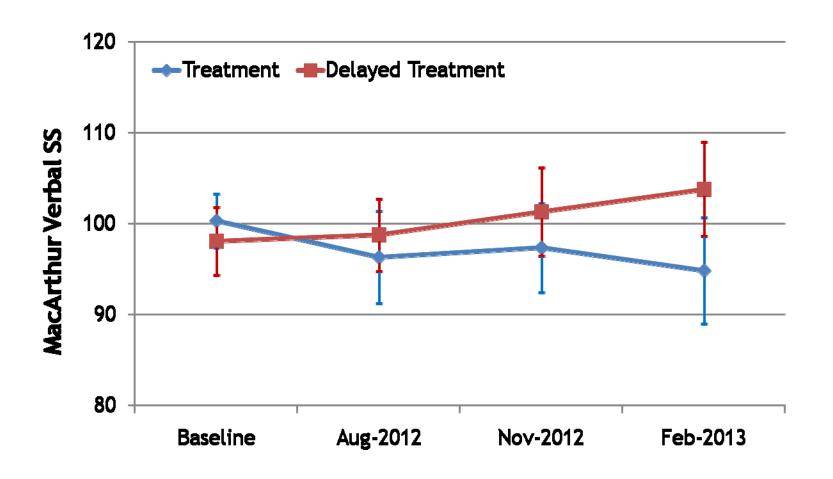




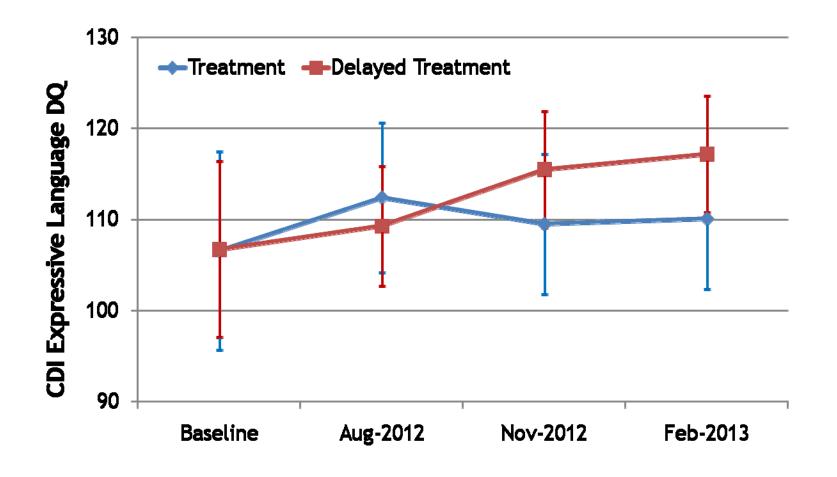






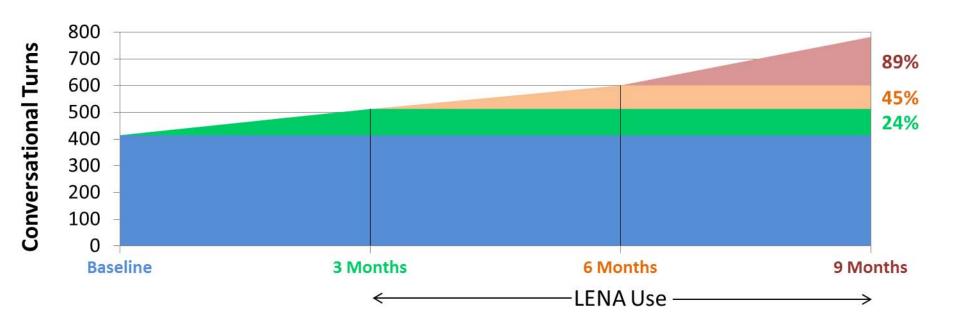






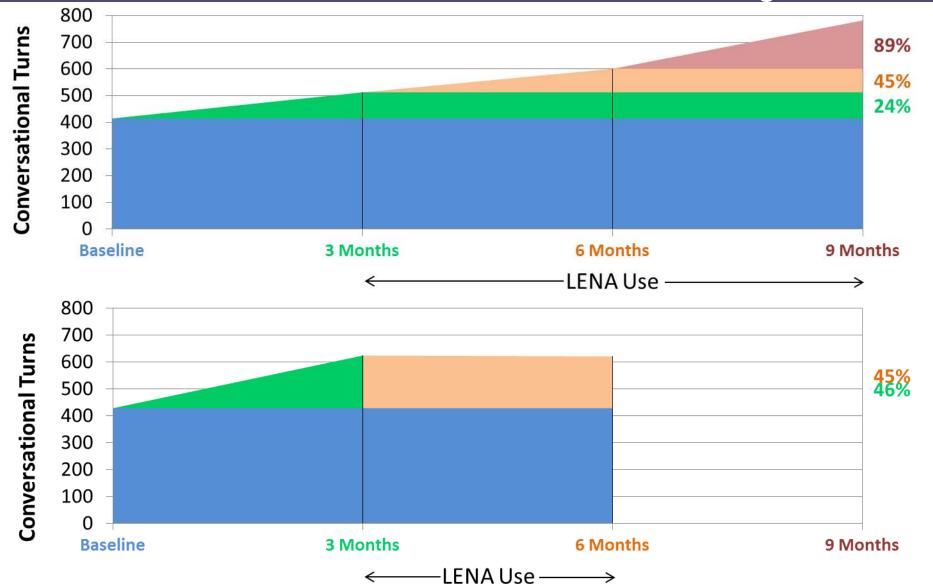


### Maintaining Positive Behavioral Change



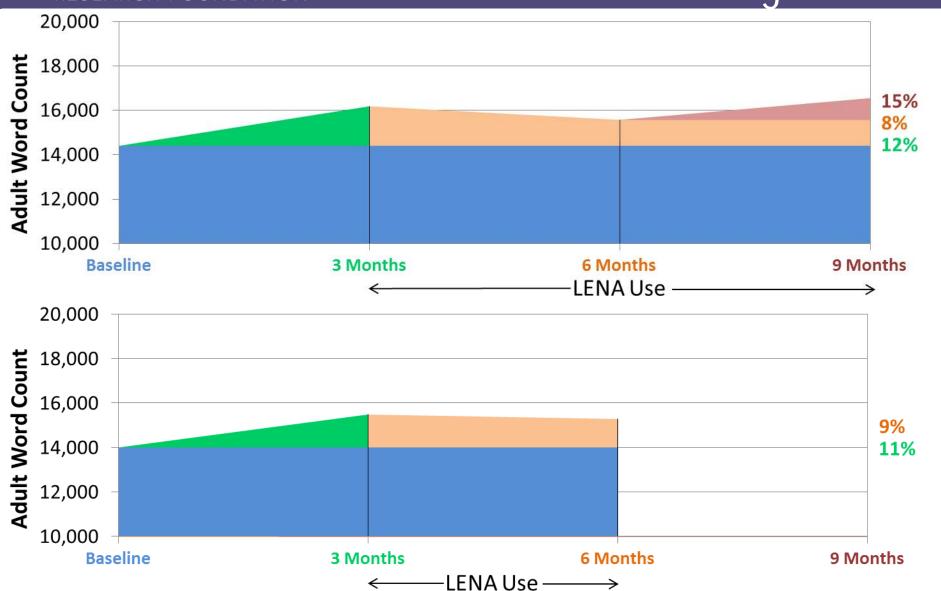


## Maintaining Positive Behavioral Change





## Maintaining Positive Behavioral Change





#### Conclusions

- Preliminary data suggest that parentchild interaction increases significantly with LENA use.
- There is indication on some measures that child language skills are accelerated for children whose parents use LENA
- Both of these changes are holding over time



#### Thank You Team!

- Rebecca Mills, M.A. Research Supervisor
- Kate Lincoln, M.A. Research Coordinator
- Joanna Lester, B.A. Research Assistant



#### Q&A

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