Acoustic Convergence and Initiator Effects in Mother-Infant Conversational Blocks

#### EON-SUK KO, MELISSA REIMCHEN, ALEJANDRINA CRISTIA, AMANDA SEIDL & MELANIE SODERSTROM















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# Why Study Convergence

- Amount is important, but feedback is key
- Adults converge conversational in many ways
  - E.g Giles, Coupland, & Coupland, 1991; Levitan & Hirshberg, 2011
- Mother-infants?
  - Vowel Quality: 3-6 month olds imitate (Kuhl & Meltzoff, 1996)
  - Pause/utterance duration: (E.g., Feldstein et al. 1993; Ko, 2013)
  - **Pitch patterns**: 6 month olds trained to imitate (Kessen et al., 1979)
  - **fo**: mixed (e.g. Masataka, 1992, but c.f. McRoberts & Best, 1997; Siegel et al. 1990)
  - Almost exclusively < 12 months!!</p>

# Our study

- Older infants/toddlers (13-30 months)
- Large naturalistic sample
  - N = 13, 2-5 days of recording per child [isn't it 3-5 days? ES]
- Multiple Cues: Duration/pitch/speaking rate
- By conversational block (within pair analysis)

### Data structure

- Block Type (fixed)
  AICF CIC
- Age of infant (random)
- Gender of infant (random)
  - o Male Female
- Speaker ID (fixed)
  - FAN CHN MAN OLN FUZ
- Mother-infant pair (random)
- Acoustic properties (variables of interest)
  - Segment duration, pitch (min, max, avg, range), speaking rates

# Step 1: ADEX output AICF and CIC only

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	A1 C	- D	E	fx Index	G	н	1 1	Q	R S	т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC
1 N		File Hour	-	' hild Voc	Child Nor FA			-	g Elapsed T Cl			-				_	Segment	AU	AC
2	4	2.43	0	0	0	1.97	0	1	- · _	100.33	_	AICF	FA		FAN	BC	_ocginent		
3	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1		100.33		AICF	FA		OLN				
4	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1		100.33		AICF	FA		MAN	RC			
5	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1		100.33		AICF	FA	1.14					
6	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.9 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.06	FUZ				
7	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	6.96 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.46	FUZ				
8	4	2.43	0	0	0	1.27	0	1	8.42 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.27	FAN	RC			
9	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	9.69 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	0.8	SIL				
10	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	10.49 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	0.91	FUZ				
11	4	2.43	1.15	1.15	0	0	0	1	11.4 #	100.33	1/	AICF	FA	1.15	CHN	RC			
12	4	2.43	0	0	0	3.33	0	1	12.55 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	3.33	FAN	RC			
13	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	15.88 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	0.8	FUZ				
14	4	2.43	2.24	2.24	0	0	0	1	16.68 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	2.24	CHN	RC			
15	4	2.43	0	0	0	1.25	0	1	18.92 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.25	FAN	RC			
16	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	20.17 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.28	OLN				
17	4	2.43	1.8	1.53	0	0	0	1	21.45 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.8	CHN	RC			
18	4	2.43	0	0	0	1.95	0	1	23.25 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.95	FAN	RC			
19	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	25.2 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.87	MAN	RC			
20	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	27.07 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.56	SIL				
21	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	28.63 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	2.78	OLN				
22	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	31.41 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.06	MAN	RC			
23	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	32.47 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.97	OLN				
24	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	34.44 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	1.57	MAN	RC			
25	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	36.01 #	100.33	1 /	AICF	FA	0.96	OLN				
26	4	2.43	0	0	0	0	0	1	36.97 #	100.33		AICF	FA	1	MAN	RC			
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# Step 2: Clean up data table

- Using R and Praat scripts:
- 1. Calculate segment location/length
  - Calculated the beginning and end of each segment, i.e. each row, based on "elapsed time" and "segment duration".

### 2. Exclude segments

- Other than CHN, FAN
- where ChildVoc/Female speech < 50% of segment
- 3. Calculate pitch values (max, min, mean)
  - o using ERB scale
- 4. Calculate speaking rates
  - Based on intensity/voicing to locate vowels

### Step 3: Take mean across conversational block

# • CHN and FAN each has one entry value of acoustic properties for each block of conversation.

	Block.N	Block.T	CHI	Age	CHN.avg	FAN.avg	CHN.min	FAN.min
1	3	AICF	C003	765	8.676307	7.257332	7.619782	5.033533
2	25	AICF	C003	765	8.227647	6.475297	4.853860	4.452857
3	32	AICF	C003	765	8.381634	6.720497	6.700553	4.977628
4	50	AICF	C003	765	8.113471	6.037453	6.294747	4.958514
5	59	AICF	C003	765	8.301553	7.444806	7.587508	4.808462
6	61	AICF	C003	765	7.895683	6.319403	4.455857	4.198858

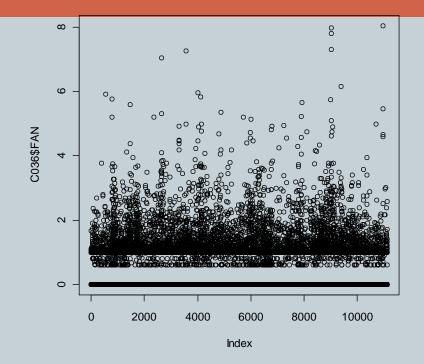
Columns and Rows clipped

### Step 4: Exclude segments < 1 s

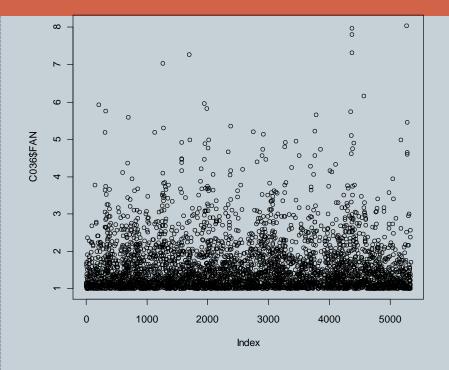
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#### Raw data N 81578 > 43112

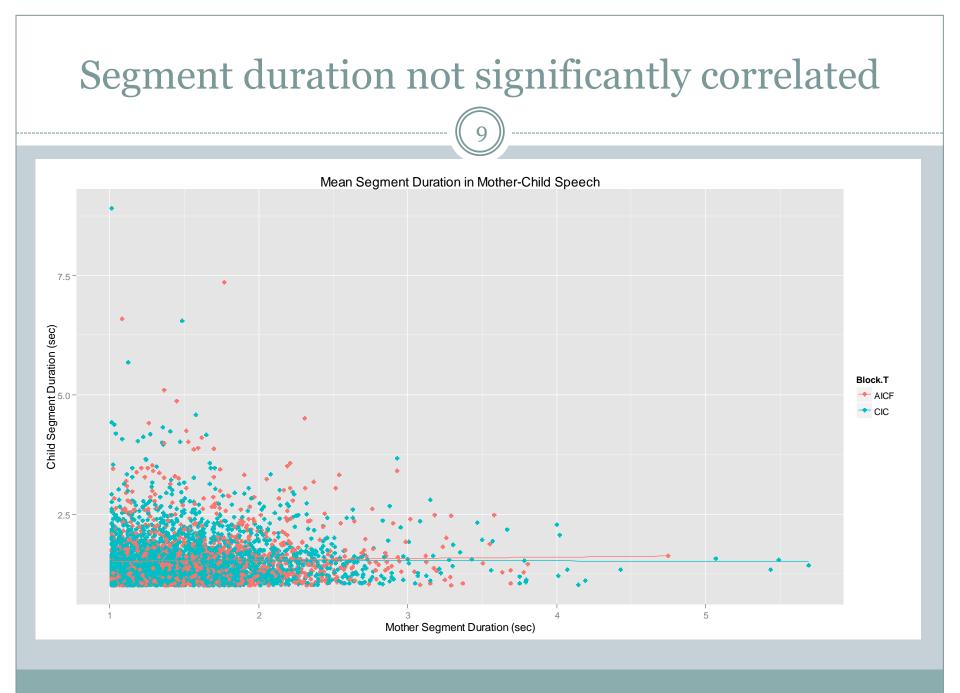
#### Blocks N 17586 > 8794

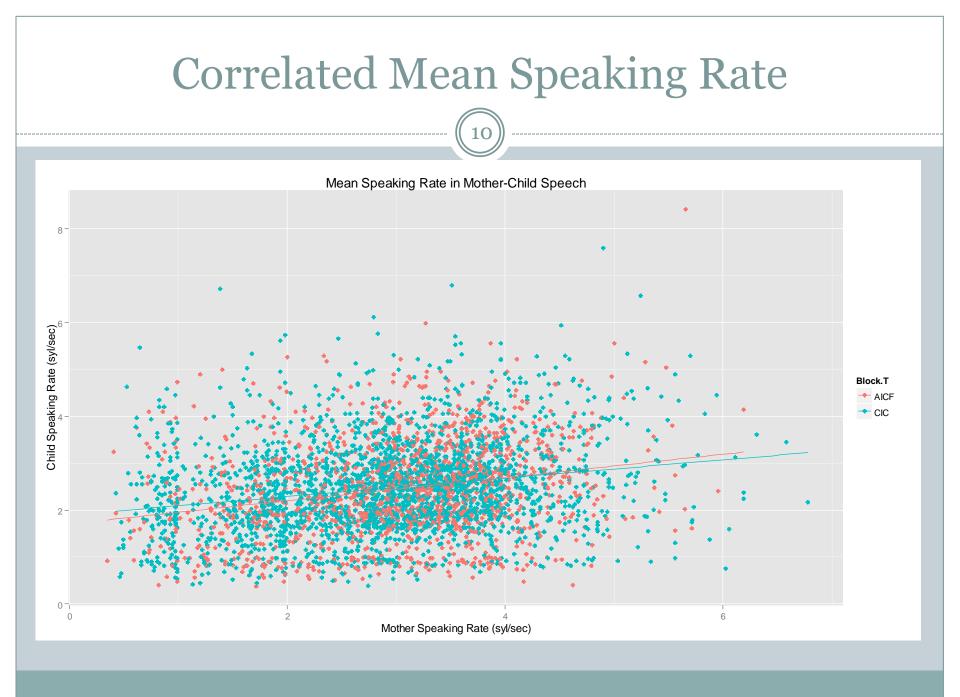


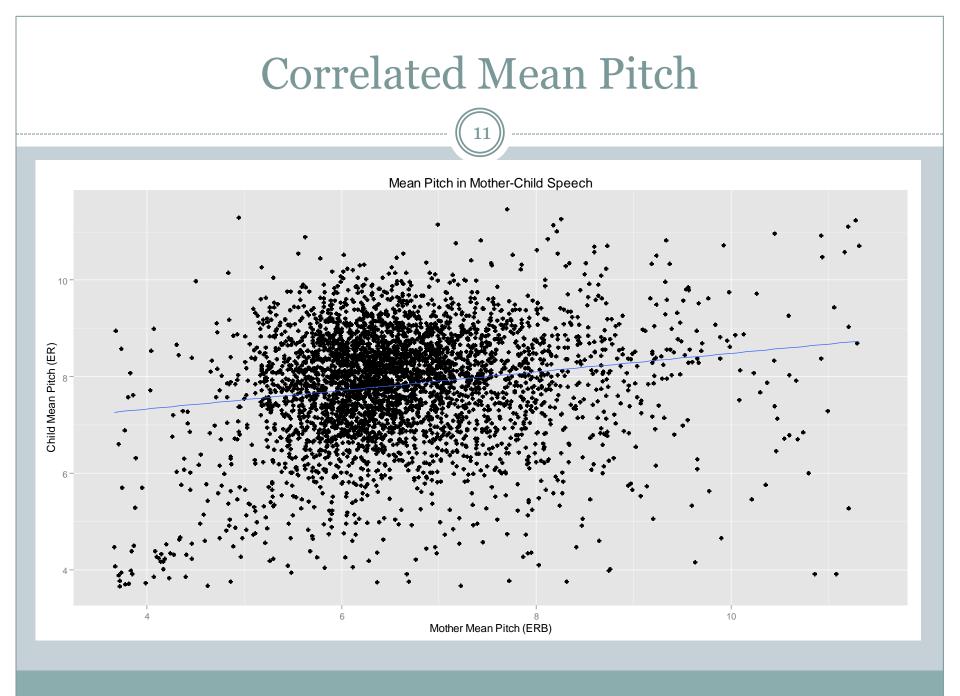
Before



After





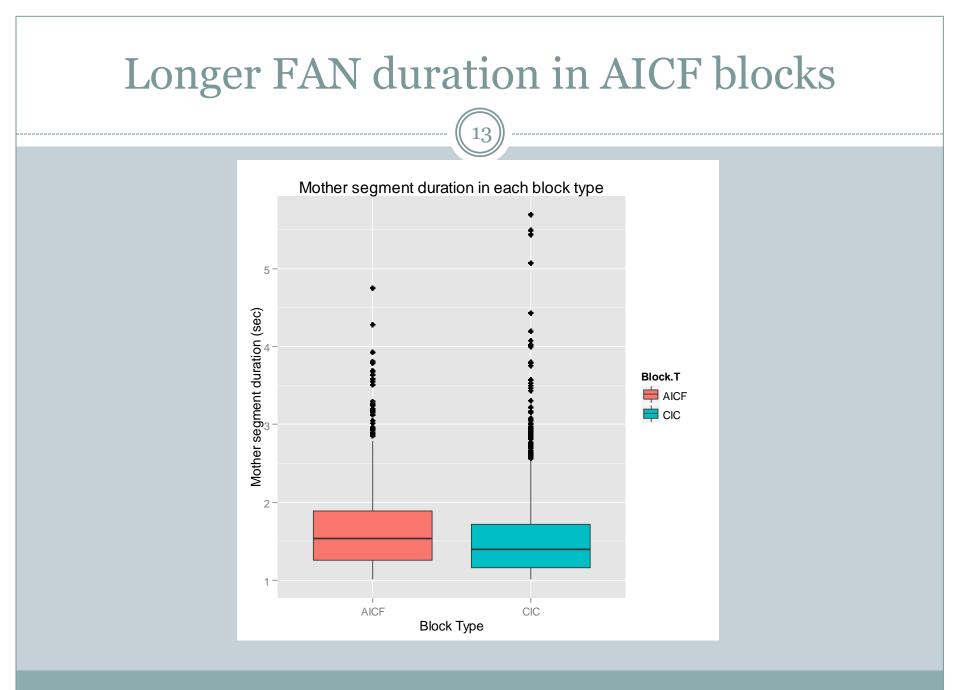


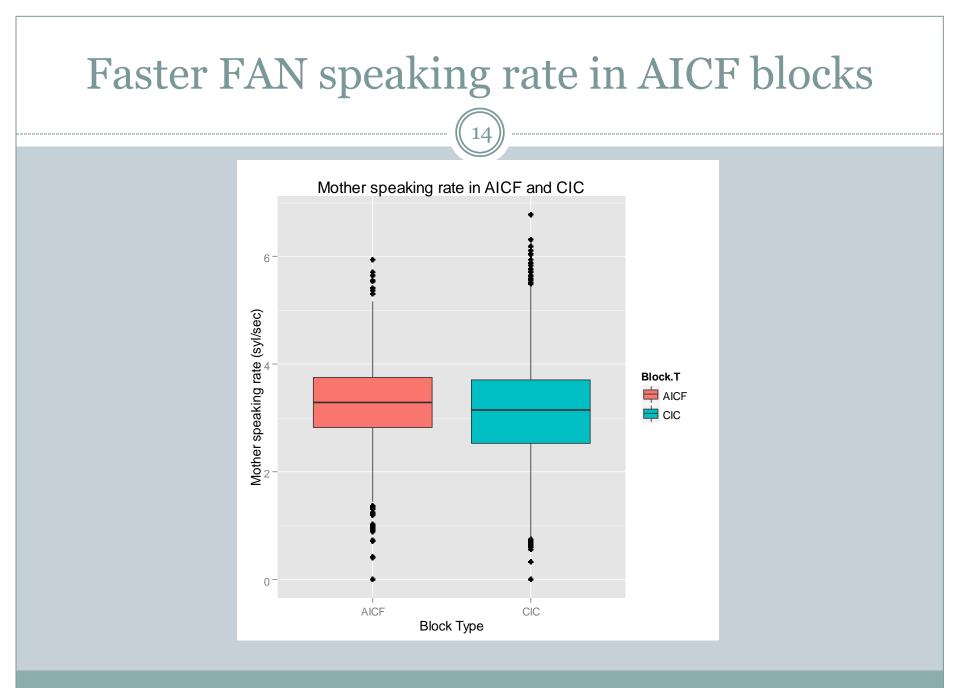
# Initiator effects in duration and rate

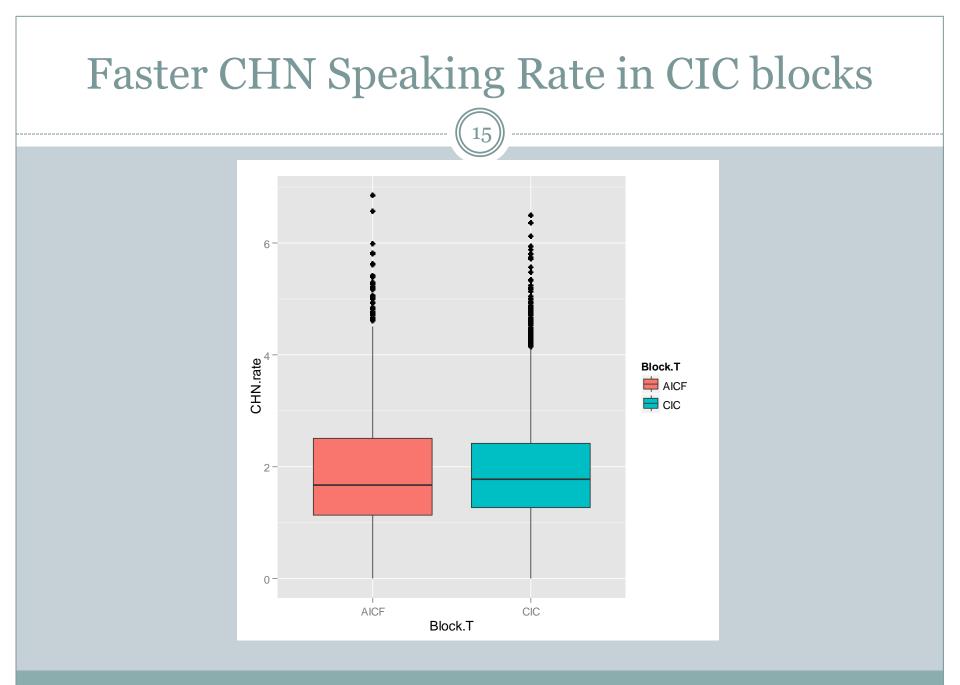
### Logistic Regression

- Can the Block Type (AICF, CIC) be predicted by any factors?
- Best model predicts Block Type by the following factors
  - FAN duration (p < 0.001)
  - FAN Speaking Rate (p < 0.005)
  - CHN Speaking Rate (p = 0.06)

lmer(Block.T ~ FAN.dur + rFAN.rate + CHN.rate (1|CHI) + (1|Age), data=data2.block, family=binomial)







# Summary

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### Process

- Relatively smooth interface between ADEX, Praat and R
- Min length constraints/segment assignment process creates anomalies in data need a better solution

# Findings

- Evidence for mother-infant acoustic convergence
- Mother duration/speaking rate effects predict whether block is mother- or infant-initiated
- Infants speak faster in infant-initiated blocks
- Implications: Evidence of feedback effects, crucial for language learning

# **Future Directions**

### • Refine data set

- Only one-on-one interactions
- Exclude non-linguistic vocalization
- Better solution for small durations
- Examine Father-infant convergence

### Within-block convergence

- Contingent analysis
- Who is leading whom?
- ASD: lack of convergence a predictor?

# Acknowledgments

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